

Update (23 May, 7:23 PM) @ Answers, explanation and source

General Studies Prelim 2012

Q. N	Questions	Answers	Source & Explanation
8	<p>With reference to consumers' rights/privileges under the provisions of law in India, which of the following statements is/are correct?</p> <p>1. Consumers are empowered to take samples for food testing.</p> <p>2. When a consumer files a complaint in any consumer forum, no fee is required to be paid.</p> <p>3. In case of death of a consumer, his/her legal heir can file a complaint the consumer forum on his/her behalf.</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below:</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	<p>C</p>	<p>Poin1 discussed in AIR talk</p> <p>The remedy under the Consumer Protection Act is an alternative in addition to that already available to the aggrieved persons/consumers by way of civil suit. In the complaint/appeal/petition submitted under the Act, a consumer is not required to pay any court fees but only a nominal fee.</p> <p>Pasted from <http://ncdr.nic.in/history.html></p>
33	<p>Which of the following is/are among the noticeable features</p>	<p>C</p>	<p>13th FC report Chapter 10: Page 174 para 10.144) 10.144 We have examined the Constitutional</p>

	<p>of the recommendations of the Thirteenth Finance Commission?</p> <p>1. A design for the Goods and Services Tax, and a compensation package linked to adherence to the proposed design.</p> <p>2. A design for the creation of lakhs of jobs in the next ten years in consonance with India's demographic dividend.</p> <p>3. Devolution of a specified share of central taxes to local bodies as grants.</p> <p>Select the correct answer using the codes given below: (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>	<p>imperatives on transfers to local bodies earlier in paras 10.100 to 10.102. Taking into account the demand of local bodies that they be allowed to benefit from the buoyancy of central taxes and the Constitutional design of supplementing the resources of panchayats and municipalities through grants-in-aid, we recommend that local bodies be transferred a percentage of the divisible pool of taxes (over and above the share of the states), as stipulated by us, after converting this share to grant-in-aid under Article 275.</p> <p>http://fincomindia.nic.in/writereaddata%5Chtml_en_files%5Ctfc/Chapter10.pdf</p>
92	<p>Which one of the following groups of animals belongs to the category of endangered species?</p> <p>(a) Great Indian Bustard, Musk Deer, Red Panda and Asiatic Wild Ass</p> <p>(b) Kashmir Stag, Cheetal, Blue Bull and Great Indian Bustard</p> <p>(c) Snow Leopard, Swamp Deer, Rhesus Monkey and Saras (Crane)</p> <p>(d) Lion-tailed Macaque, Blue</p>	<p>A</p> <p>Blue Bull and Rhesus Monkey comes under least concerned (LC) category. This fact negates option B, C, D. So most appropriate answer is A. [See details table below] [Note: Red panda is endangered using criteria C2(a)]</p> <p>C. Population estimated to number less than 2500 mature individuals and either:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An estimated continuing decline of at least 20% within five years or two generations, whichever is longer or 2. A continuing decline, observed, projected, or inferred, in numbers

	Bull, Hanuman Langur and Cheetal		<p>of mature individuals and population structure in the form of either:</p> <p>(a) severely fragmented (i.e. no subpopulation estimated to contain more than 250 mature individuals)</p> <p>(b) all individuals are in a single subpopulation.</p> <p>Read more: http://www.animalinfo.org/notes.htm#96iucncriteria#ixzz1vgwlgwqK]</p>
			 <p>The diagram shows the IUCN Red List categories: Extinct (EX), Extinct in the Wild (EW), Critically Endangered (CR), Endangered (EN), Vulnerable (VU), Near Threatened (NT), and Least Concern (LC). The categories CR, EN, and VU are grouped under the heading 'Threatened'.</p>
			<p>Great Indian Bustard Critically Endangered (IUCN 3.1)[1] Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Great_Indian_Bustard></p>
			<p>Musk Deer Endangered (IUCN 3.1)[1] Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Himalayan_Musk_Deer></p>
			<p>Red Panda <u>IUCN Status:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1994: Vulnerable • 1996 - 2004: Endangered (Criteria: C2a) (IUCN 2004) <p>Read more: http://www.animalinfo.org/species/carnivor/ailufulg.htm#ixzz1vgrvbbPA</p> <p>Pasted from <http://www.animalinfo.org/species/carnivor/ailufulg.htm></p> <p>Vulnerable (IUCN 3.1)[2]</p>

				Pasted from < http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Red_Panda >
			Asiatic Wild Ass	<p>Endangered (IUCN 3.1)[1]</p> <p>Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asiatic_wild_ass></p>
			Kashmir Stag	<p>Critically Endangered (IUCN 3.1)</p> <p>Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kashmir_Stag></p>
			Cheetal	<p>Least Concern (IUCN 3.1)[1]</p> <p>Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cheetal></p>
			Blue Bull	<p>Least Concern (IUCN 3.1)[1]</p> <p>Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nilgai></p> <p>Blue bulls, despite their constant conflict with villagers across almost every part of India, are still present in large numbers.</p> <p>Pasted from <http://www.wildlywise.com/bluebull.htm></p>
			Snow Leopard	<p>Endangered (IUCN 3.1)[1]</p> <p>Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Snow_leopard></p>
			Swamp Deer	<p>Vulnerable (IUCN 3.1)[2]</p> <p>Pasted from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Swamp_Deer></p>

			Rhesus Monkey	Least Concern (IUCN 3.1)[2] Pasted from < http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rhesus_monkey >
			Saras (Crane)	Vulnerable (IUCN 3.1)[1] Pasted from < http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Saras_Crane >
			Lion-tailed Macaque	Endangered (IUCN 3.1)[2] Pasted from < http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lion-tailed_Macaque >
			Hanuman Langur	No mention http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hanuman_langur
			-	